

On Framed Triangulations of Flow Polytopes, the ν -Tamari Lattice and Young's Lattice

Matias von Bell

University of Kentucky

Rafael S. González D'León	Universidad Sergio Arboleda
Francisco A. Mayorga Cetina	Universidad Sergio Arboleda
Martha Yip	University of Kentucky

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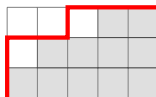
Definition

Let ν be a lattice path from $(0, 0)$ to (a, b) with steps $N = (0, 1)$, $E = (1, 0)$.
A ν -**Dyck** path is a lattice path which stays weakly above ν .

A path ν



A ν -Dyck path



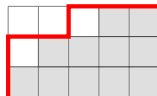
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A **peak** is a consecutive NE pair.

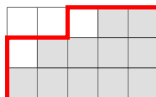
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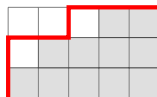
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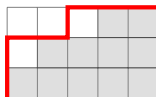
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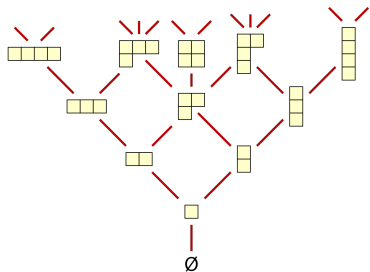
Choosing $\nu = (NE)^n$ recovers the classical Dyck paths.

Principal order ideals in Young's lattice

Young's lattice: Integer partitions, ordered by inclusion of Young diagrams.

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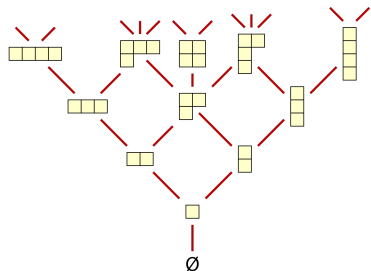
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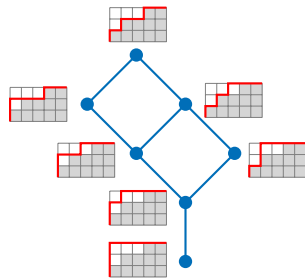
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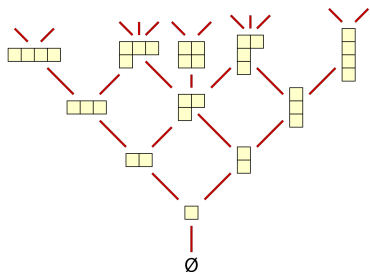
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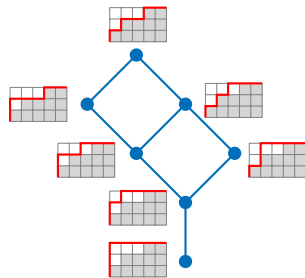
A principal order ideal $I(\nu)$

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Young's lattice



A principal order ideal $I(\nu)$

Cover relation in $I(\nu)$: $\pi_1 \prec \pi_2 \Leftrightarrow \pi_2$ obtained from π_1 by $NE \rightarrow EN$

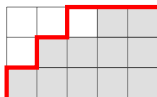
Another lattice structure on ν -Dyck paths

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The **horizontal distance** of a point p on a ν -Dyck path is

$$\text{horiz}_\nu(p) = \# \text{ of } E \text{ steps that can be taken from } p \text{ without crossing } \nu.$$

A ν -Dyck path π



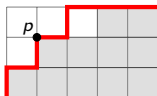
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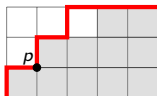
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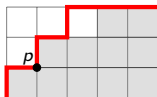
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For a valley point p , define a **rotation of π at p** by switching the E step preceding p with the subpath between p and the next point q along π such that $\text{horiz}_\nu(q) = \text{horiz}_\nu(p)$.

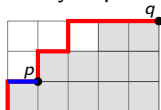
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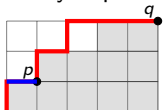
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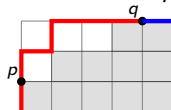
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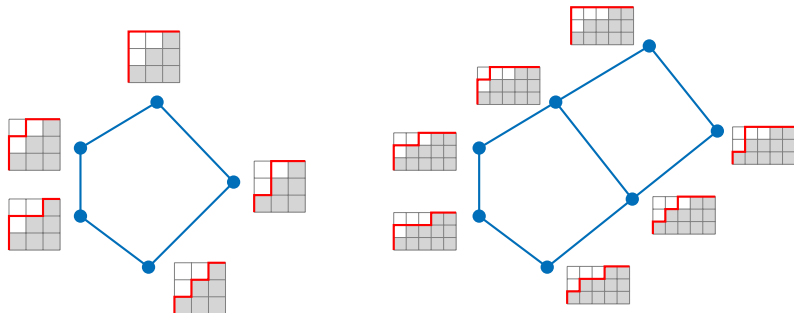
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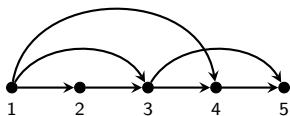
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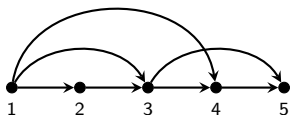
Flow polytopes

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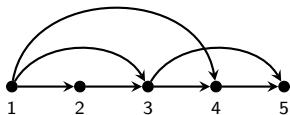


A **flow of size one** on G is a tuple $(x_e)_{e \in E(G)}$ of non-negative real numbers such that flow is preserved at each vertex, i.e.

$$\sum_{e \in \text{Out}(1)} x_e = \sum_{e \in \text{In}(n)} x_e = 1, \text{ and } \sum_{e \in \text{In}(i)} x_e - \sum_{e \in \text{Out}(i)} x_e = 0 \text{ for } i \in [2, n-1].$$

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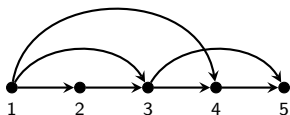
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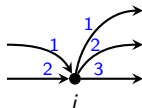
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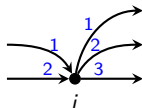
Framed triangulations of flow polytopes

A **framing** is a collection of linear orders on $\text{in}(i)$ and $\text{out}(i)$ for each $i \in V(G)$.



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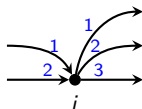
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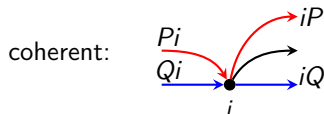
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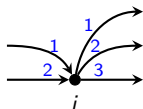


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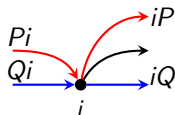
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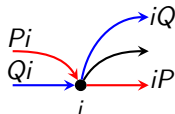


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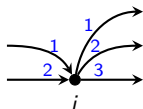


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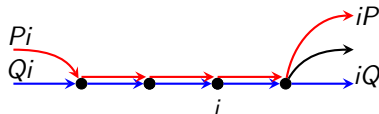
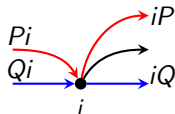
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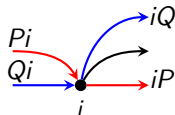


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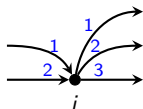


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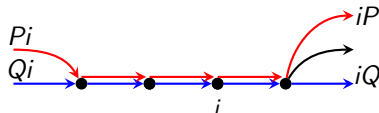
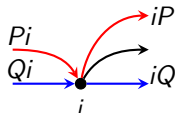
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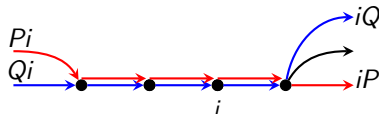
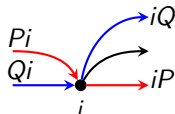


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The maximal sets of coherent routes in a framing of G determine simplices in a regular unimodular triangulation of \mathcal{F}_G .

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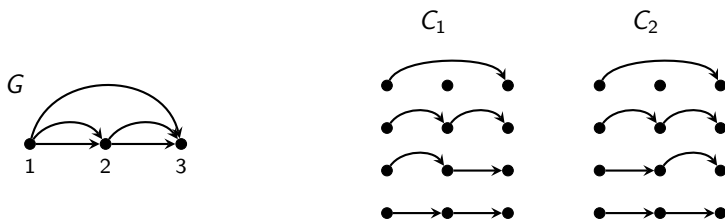


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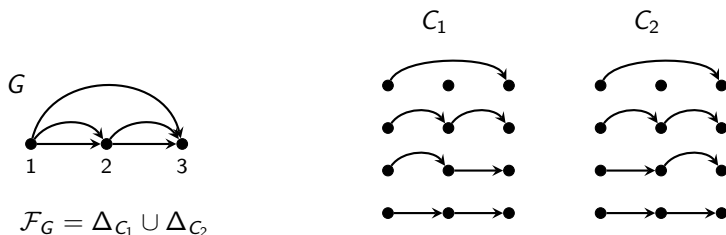


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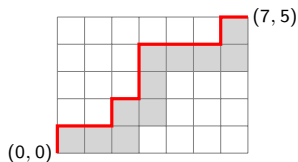
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The ν -caracol flow polytope

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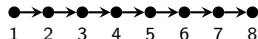
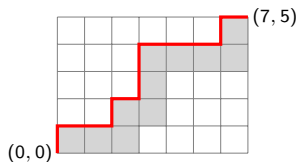
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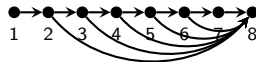
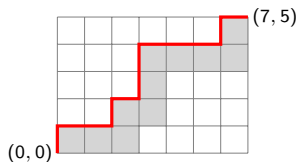
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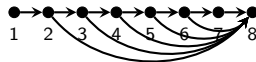
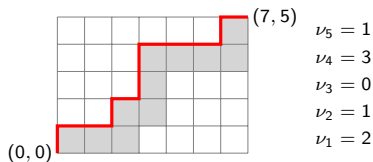
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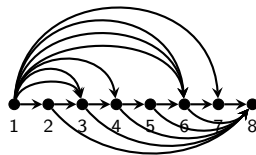
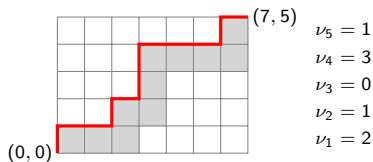
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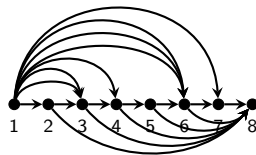
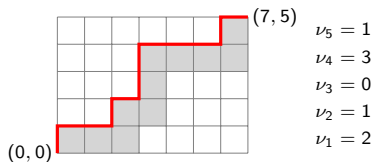
Let ν be a lattice path from $(0, 0)$ to (a, b) where $\nu = NE^{\nu_1} NE^{\nu_2} \dots NE^{\nu_a}$. The ν -**caracol graph** $\text{car}(\nu)$ is the path graph P_{b+3} together with ν_i copies of the edge $(1, i+2)$ for $i = 1, \dots, b$, and the edges $(i, b+3)$ for $i = 2, \dots, b+1$.



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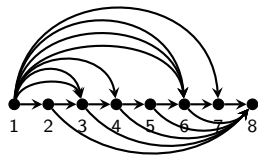
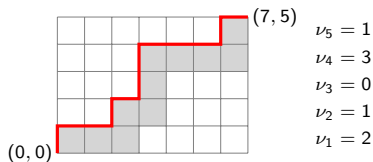


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Mészáros-Morales, 2019:

$$\text{vol}(\mathcal{F}_{\text{car}(\nu)}) = \det \left(\begin{pmatrix} 1 + \sum_{k=1}^{a-j} \nu_k \\ 1 + j - i \end{pmatrix} \right)_{1 \leq i, j \leq a-1} = \#\{\nu\text{-Dyck paths}\}$$

The planar-framed triangulation

Theorem (B.–González D'León–Mayorga Cetina–Yip, 2021)

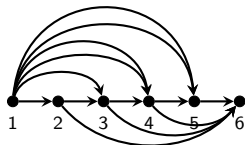
The dual graph of the planar-framed triangulation of $\mathcal{F}_{\text{car}(\nu)}$ is the Hasse diagram of the principal order ideal $I(\nu)$ in Young's lattice.

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Planar framing



$\nu = NENEENE$

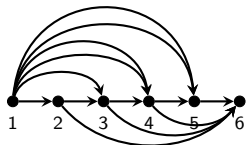


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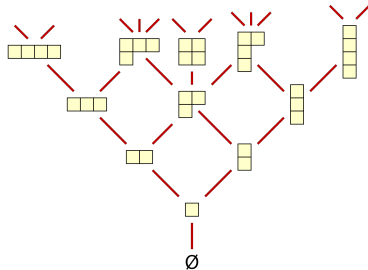
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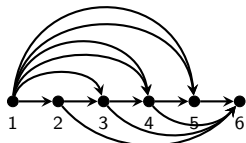


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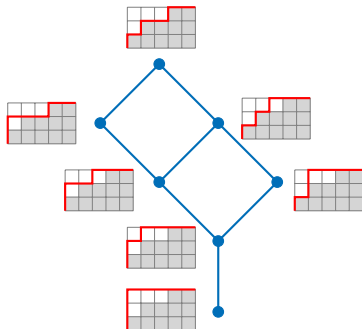
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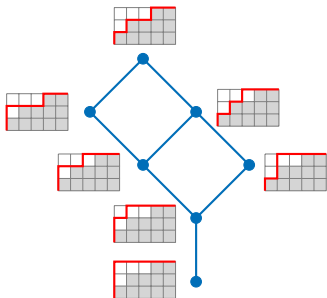


h^* -vector of $\mathcal{F}_{\text{car}(\nu)}$

Theorem (B.–González D'León–Mayorga Cetina–Yip, 2021)

The h^* -polynomial of $\mathcal{F}_{\text{car}(\nu)}$ is the ν -Narayana polynomial

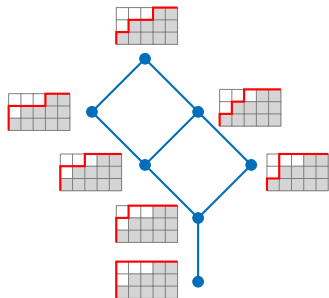
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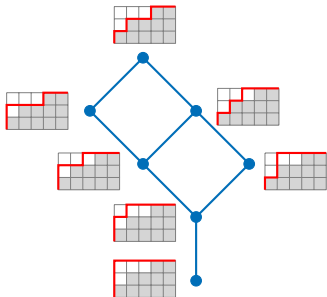
Proof outline:

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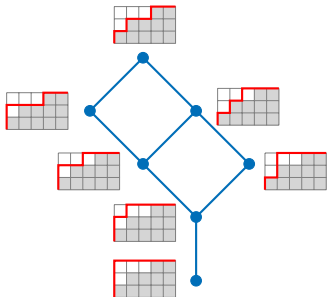
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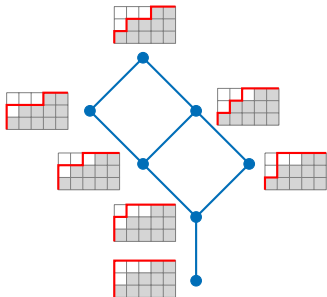
Proof outline:

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$$\begin{aligned} h_i &= \# \text{paths in } I(\nu) \text{ covering } i \text{ paths} \\ &= \# \text{paths with } i \text{ valleys} \\ &= \text{Nar}(\nu, i) \end{aligned}$$

The length-framed triangulation

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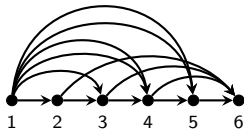
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Length framing



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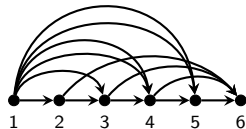


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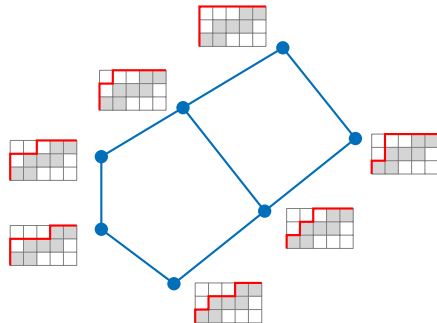
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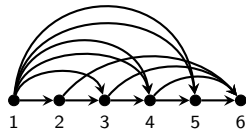
Préville–Ratelle–Viennot, 2017

The length-framed triangulation

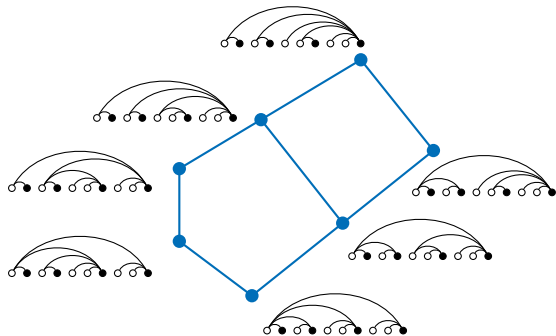
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Ceballos-Padrol-Sarmiento, 2019

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- These two dual structures are generalized and unified under the umbrella of framed triangulations of $\mathcal{F}_{\text{car}(\nu)}$.
- **Question:** Are there any other interesting lattice/graph structures on ν -Catalan objects obtainable using different framings?

Thank you!

1. Matias von Bell, Rafael S. González D'León, Francisco Mayorga Cetina, Martha Yip. “A unifying framework for the ν -Tamari lattice and principal order ideals in Young's lattice”, Séminaire Lotharingien de Combinatoire 85B (2021), Article #42, 12 pp.
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